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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, *June* 30.

To LORD NORTH.

LETTER II.

On LUXURY, *as one of the Cauſes of the* PRESENT BANKRUPTCIES.

IN all Ages, and in all Countries, peculiar Follies have prevailed, which have afforded ample Scope for the Reprehenſion of Moraliſts. The Greek and Roman Satyriſts are laviſh in their Cenſures upon the Vices then in Vogue; the public Declaimers of both Nations lament the extreme Degeneracy of the Times, and prognoſticate the Fall of thoſe mighty Empires, to be brought about by that LUXURY which, like an epidemical Diſeaſe, preyed upon the Vitals, and thus in Time deſtroyed the Body Politic. As theſe Men prognoſticated, ſo it happened; Luxury *was* the chief Cauſe which brought on the Diſſolution of the Grecian and Roman Empires; and of ſuch a baneful Nature is this dire Diſeaſe, that it has deſtroyed, or in a great Degree impaired, the Conſtitution of every political State which hath exiſted ſince the Creation of the World. In different Governments, however, its Operations are different, and it affects the Inhabitants variouſly, as they are diſpoſed to *Arts*, to *Arms*, or to *Commerce*.

Italy ſeems the proliſic Soil for *Artiſts* to flouriſh in: When that State firſt emerged from Barbariſm, when the Rays of Science diſperſed the thick Miſt of Monkiſh Ignorance, a Spirit of Enterprize was viſible amongſt the Inhabitants; each ſtrove to excel his Neighbour in the *fine Arts*, and an univerſal Emulation prevailed to make the *modern* vie with the *antient* Rome. After ſome ſtrenuous Exertions of Genius, the Artiſts attained almoſt the Summit of Perfection. They were ſucceeded by a Race more indolent, and more luxurious; a Race that were content to *copy* the Models left by their Progenitors, and who wanted that Stimulative which enabled their Anceſtors to reach the greateſt Degree of Perfection, of which, perhaps, the human Intellect is capable. Hence Luxury, by enervating, brought on firſt the *Declenſion*; and future Generations being ſtrongly tainted with the Infection, it, at laſt, terminated in the *total Deſtruction* of the Fine Arts in Italy, more particularly Painting and Statuary. Muſic, in ſome Meaſure, preſerved itſelf, becauſe there is that ſoft, debilitating Effeminacy in Muſic, which renders it a fit Companion for, and powerful Promoter of Luxury. Such is the Effect this debauching Principle will have in a State diſpoſed to ARTS: It deſtroys all Exertion of Genius, baniſhes *Originality*, introduces in the Stead ſervile Imitation, and deprives the World of thoſe noble Monuments of mental Excellence, the *Creations* of the Mind *diſplayed upon the Canvas*.

Sparta and antient Rome are Inſtances of the Effects Luxury will have upon a *warlike State*, devoted to ARMS.

The Situation of Sparta required, that her Citizens ſhould be regularly diſciplined, and trained to military Exerciſe. Surrounded with a numerous Group of petty States, ever ready to take Advantage of her Weakneſs, it became neceſſary that her Inhabitants, of whatever Rank or Condition, ſhould be prepared, and able to make a ſtout Reſiſtance, againſt every Attempt made by the Enemy to conquer their Territories, or enſlave their Country. The Flame of Liberty alſo kindled in the Breaſt of every Spartan, made him determined to LIVE FREE, or die in Defence of the Cauſe.

Agreeable to this Neceſſity, and this Principle, the Spartans were educated in all that *military* Enthuſiaſm and Contempt of Death, which rendered them the Dread of their Enemies. Their Boys were *inured* to Torments, and even from their Infancy were accuſtomed to be whipt until the Blood guſhed out of the Wounds; and taught to ſmile with Complacency at the purple Torrent. The *Spartan Women* would have been aſhamed of producing ſuch an Animal as an *Engliſh Macaroni*; they brought forth *Heroes* for the Cloſet, the Senate, and the Field. Whilſt this Spirit predominated, the Spartans were independent; they were Free, they were Happy. When this Spirit evaporated, a Liſtleſſneſs, Languor, and Indifference for public Concerns prevailed; their Nerves were unſtrung, owing to their Minds being contaminated with Luxury, and they became an eaſy Prey to their Enemies.

The ſame Cauſe produced the ſame Effect amongſt the *Romans*.

A Writer on the Riſe and Fall of the Roman Empire, has accurately inveſtigated the Cauſes of that Empire's Declenſion; he has marked the gradual Introduction of Luxury; has ſhewn its Movements through every minute Branch, every Fibre of the Body Politic, & has clearly pointed out the Effect it had in the Downfal of the Weſtern Empire. I intend not to recapitulate that Writer's Argument; ſuffice it to ſay, he has eſtabliſhed his Facts upon ſure Data, even upon Experience, which renders his Reaſoning quite concluſive.

Thus then it appears that Luxury affects in a *different* Manner,

States addicted to Arts, or
States addicted to Arms;

but that it effectually deſtroys *both*, by deſtroying that *Vigour of Mind* neceſſary to make a Proficiency in the fine Arts; and that *hardy Robuſtneſs of Body*, as well as Vigour of Mind, with which, in States like Athens and Rome, addicted to *Arms* as well as *Arts*, it is neceſſary that the Inhabitants ſhould be furniſhed, in order to preſerve their political Exiſtence.

If this Subject wanted any farther Illuſtration, we need but take a curſory Survey of *modern* Greece, compared with the *Antient*. What Sloth! what Supineneſs! what an indolent dragging on of Life! Can theſe be the Deſcendants of thoſe more than mortal Heroes who fought at *Marathon*, and whoſe Shades inſpired the Grecian Orator with this Thunder of perſuaſive Eloquence! Forbid it, Heaven, for their Fathers Sakes. Yet Nature has not been leſs bountiful to the modern than the antient Greeks; their Faculties are not leſs exeellent, their Memories as retentive, or their Judgments leſs acute. No! the Canker-worm LUXURY hath fed upon them, and in Time hath corroded, and almoſt quite defaced each mental Excellence. The Fact is, that the Mind like the Body has its ripening Time; and as Exerciſe gives Strength to our *Limbs*, ſo conſtant Habit and Exertion ſtrengthens our *Faculties*, enlarges our Intellects, and ſubjects all Nature to their Power. No Man knows to what a Pitch of Excellence his Abilities will attain, until he has been forced to exert and *vigourize* them, if I may ſo ſpeak, upon various Occaſions. Hence Luxury, by teaching us to place Happineſs in Supineneſs, by deceiving us into an *erroneous* Notion of Eaſe, renders us a Prey to every Evil which can befal us as *private* Individuals, or Members of a great Community.

How it brings on the Deſtruction of *States addicted to Arts and Arms*, has been already ſhewn; how it deſtroys *commercial States*, remains to be pointed out. This may be done in few Words. LUXURY *deſtroys that Spirit of* PARSIMONY, *which every Member in a trading Community ought to practiſe*. An Habit of Expence is, in its very Idea, oppoſite to what conſtitutes the Happineſs of a mercantile Country. Trade and Extravagance are Things incompatible in their Natures, and an extravagant *thriving* Tradeſman, is a Soleciſm in Terms. The Frugality of the Dutch is become proverbial, and the Conſequence is, that the Dutch are a thriving People. The Misfortune ariſes from that baneful Kind of Luxury which leads us to copy Faſhions, Diverſions, and other Modes of Diſſipation from the French. Our Men of Fortune viſit Paris, in order to bring home *Pariſian Follies*. Our wealthy Cits, to pleaſe their Wives, ape theſe Fooleries, and thus a Spirit of Diſſipation prevails from the firſt Miniſter, to the Cobler of Cripplegate. Now, if we conſider how truly detrimental and ridiculous this is, we ſhall be inclined to laugh at, if not deſpiſe ourſelves. France is an arbitrary Country; a *military* Government, if Luxury renders her a Bankrupt, the Conſequence is not dreadful; public Credit in *that* Kingdom is of little Conſequence, the Monarch can at any Time annihilate it, and by his *Fiat* put a Period to the Funds; the Reverſe is the Caſe in England; how dreadful therefore is it for a Sett of *Traders* (for we are no more) to practice the Faſhions, Diſſipation, and Extravagance of a People, amongſt whom public Credit is nothing, though we are ſure that ſuch Faſhions and Extravagance muſt in the End deſtroy public Credit amongſt us, with whom it is every Thing; France may be but *ſlightly* injured, by what would *ruin* us to all Intents and Purpoſes.

Theſe looſe Hints, my Lord, I have thrown together for the Service of my Country, they ſhould be well weighed, and maturely conſidered, at this important and truly alarming Criſis. The Spirit of Parſimony has left us; all is Diſſipation; all is Folly; all is Luxury; all is Extravagance, and *Frugality* is fled. But wherefore is it fled? Whoſe Example do our People copy? The Example of the Nobility, the Gentry, the Senators, and (to the Shame of every Man in Office I ſpeak it) our People in practiſing Folly, Debauchery, and Extravagance, only copy the Example of their *Miniſters of State*. For God's Sake, my Lord, timely interpoſe, or we are undone! Set us a Pattern of *Frugality*, enjoin it as a Duty upon your Dependants, diſcountenance that ſpurious Race of *Monkeys* called *Macaronies*; for though they are as fooliſh as fooliſh can be, yet ſome of them have juſt Senſe enough to debauch the Principles of our wanton Dames of Quality.

Would you, my Lord, and your Colleagues in Office, or about the Court, adopt Frugality in your Table, your Dreſs, your Houſes, and your Family, it might in Time become faſhionable for the Citizens Wives not to plunge their Huſbands into ſuch enormous Expences for Routs, Drums, Maſquerades and Pantheons; until this is done there is no Hopes of our retrieving our loſt Condition. The Remedies applied to ſtop the *Progreſs* of Bankruptcy are inadequate to the Diſeaſe. Next to Stock-jobbing, Luxury and Extravagance have occaſioned theſe Miſeries, and unleſs a timely Frugality prevails amongſt *all* Orders and Ranks of People, an *univerſal Inſolvency* will take Place, and future Hiſtorians will ſay, "England was ruined by Luxury, and Luxury was countenanced and introduced amongſt the People by the *Miniſters*, who were the moſt laviſh, extravagant, and diſſipated Perſonages of the Age."

A PLAIN CITIZEN.

To the FREEMEN, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM much obliged to you for the good Opinion you have entertained of me, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives. Nevertheleſs, I muſt again repeat my laſt Year's Requeſt, and deſire you will, at the enſuing Election, chooſe ſome other Perſon to repreſent you in my Stead: The weighty Affairs of that important Truſt, being not only very injurious to my own private Buſineſs, but ſo prejudicial to my Health, that I can by no Means ſerve. THOMAS LIVEZEY.

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives notice, that the Apoquinimink RACES are to begin on Tueſday, the 22d day of this inſtant September, inſtead of Thurſday, the 24th, as advertiſed in this paper, as that time is thought to be too near the match to be run between Meſſieurs Delancey and Lloyd, which is ſaid to be on the 26th; and, as ſome objections have been made to the weight the running horſes are to carry for the Apoquinimink purſes, it is hereby made known, that, for the firſt day's purſe, full blooded horſes are to carry ten ſtone, and ſo in proportion; as alſo for the ſecond day's purſe, &c. MARTIN DULANY.

Alloway's Creek, September 7, 1772.

WHEREAS EZEKIEL MULFORD, and JACOB BENNET, of Cape-May, did leave the one half of an Oyſter-boat, and ſeveral other things, in my care, laſt December, and as I am going to move from the place I now live on, I am under the neceſſity of taking this method of informing them, that if they do not both of them, or at leaſt *Ezekiel Mulford*, come with an order from *Jacob Bennet*, and take them, pay coſt, and ſettle other affairs between us, that I will ſell them by the firſt day of October. SAMUEL OAKFORD. ¶

THIS is to give Notice to all the Employers of JOSEPH READ, Meſſenger between Philadelphia and Nottingham, that he is abſolutely determined to quit riding, on the 30th of this inſtant September; owing to the bad encouragement (he is ſorry to ſay) he has met with, he cannot poſſibly continue it longer; he therefore requeſts all who are in arrears to him would diſcharge the ſame, and that thoſe to whom he is indebted would render him their accounts, that they may be ſettled.

WARRANTED BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A LARGE Aſſortment of fine, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe, the beſt in kind, ſuitable to every branch of that buſineſs, and ſold as low as any in this city, by ISAAC MELCHER, in Second-ſtreet, midway between Arch and Race-ſtreets, PHILADELPHIA, where Millers and others may depend always on being ſupplied with the beſt of Cloths, on the loweſt terms, wholeſale and retail. A conſiderable abatement will be made to thoſe who take a quantity. §

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, about two miles from the Trap, an Iriſh ſervant man, named* JOHN FROUNDS, *he is a thick ſet fellow, about* 5 *feet* 3 *or* 4 *inches high, pretty much pitted with the ſmall-pox, has ſhort ſandy hair, has loſt one or two of his under-jaw fore teeth, has a kind of a ſcar at the left ſide of his face, is a ſtocking-weaver by trade, and was lately bought out of jail; had on, when he went away, a white cloth coat, no buttons upon the ſleeves, a ſhort waiſtcoat, rather darker than the coat, half-worn buckſkin breeches, with ſtrings at the knee bands, light blue ribbed ſtockings, new ſhoes, and an old felt hat, with one corner of it torn, and ſowed up. Whoever apprehends ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, or brings him to me, ſhall have the above reward of Three Pounds, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by* HENRY EWALD. ‖ Sept. 7, 1772.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in the townſhip of Waterford, and county of Gloucester, New-Jerſey, containing 140 acres, twenty whereof rich meadow, well banked in; there is upon ſaid plantation a good ſtone HOUSE, with a good dry cellar, and a convenient kitchen adjoining, a well at the door, and alſo the frame of a barn raiſed, but not covered in; there is on ſaid plantation near 100 apple-trees, old and young, and a large bed of aſparagus; the place near 5 miles from Philadelphia by land or water, and will admit of very great improvement, lying convenient for getting mud off the flats adjoining, and it is thought the purchaſer may have conſiderable advantage of a ſhad-fiſhery, as part of the land joins upon the river; the place exceeding convenient for tending Philadelphia market, either by land or water, and the land well adapted for raiſing produce ſuitable. To prevent trouble, the price will be Four Pounds per acre; the purchaſer may have ſeveral years to pay the major part, paying only Pennſylvania intereſt. None need apply, but ſuch as bring a good recommendation. SAMUEL EMLEN.

Said *Emlen* continues to ſell the Medicines he hath been in practice of ſelling for many years paſt, and the genuine ſorts may be depended on, wholeſale and retail; he hath alſo for ſale, one piece of ſuperfine black hair pluſh, at his dwelling, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets, Philadelphia. 4w.

Leeſburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, Auguſt 15, 1772.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Loudoun county, in Chancery, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on Monday, the 23d of November next, on the premiſes, Four Lots or Half Acres of Land, in the town of Leeſburg, on one of which ſtands a genteel ſtone houſe, 40 by 32 feet in the clear, has four rooms, with three fire places, and a paſſage below ſtairs, one of which, fronting the moſt public ſtreet, is completely fitted out for a ſtore, four rooms, with two fire places above ſtairs, a convenient dry cellar the ſize of the whole houſe; there are alſo a good garden, well paled in, a lumber houſe, a kitchen, a ſtable, and other neceſſary houſes; together with a well of exceeding fine water, walled up, on this lot. The other three ſtand on ſtreets alſo, are encloſed, and with a ſmall expence may be rendered very valuable. At the ſame time will be ſold, 258¾ acres of land, adjoining the ſaid town, the ſoil of which is peculiarly adapted to grain, and inferior to none in the county, one third of it is well fenced in, and fit for the plough, about 15 acres of meadow may be made, and the reſt well timbered; there are on this tract of land, a large new barn, with other neceſſary houſes for farming: The country round about, is remarkable for raiſing large quantities of wheat, and manufacturing flour, all of which is carried through Leeſburg, about 40 miles to Alexandria, conſequently this place is as well ſituated for trade as any in the colony: A merchant or tavernkeeper would find his account in ſettling here. The lots of land will be ſold either together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, to whom a good title will be made, and immediate poſſeſſion given.

WILLIAM ELLREY, GEORGE JOHNSTON, Truſtees.

WHEREAS in purſuance of an Act of General Aſſembly of this province, intituled, *An Act for granting the ſum of Sixty Thouſand Pounds to the King's uſe, and for ſtriking Fifty five Thouſand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for ſinking the ſame*, the following tracts of located and unimproved land were duly valued and rated by the Aſſeſſors for the county of Northampton, as follows; a tract of land, containing 700 acres, in Mount Bethel townſhip, in the county of Northampton, formerly belonging to William Craig, deceaſed, adjoining William Beard, rated at Five Pounds per hundred. A tract of 100 acres, in the ſame townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, rated at Five Pounds the hundred. A tract of 400 acres, in Penn townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, rated at Five Pounds per hundred, adjoining the lands of Nicholas Waln, Eſq; James Boon, and Samuel Rhoads, the property of William Logan, Eſq; of the city of Philadelphia. Another tract of 300 acres, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, rated at Five Pounds per hundred, for which tract Richard Freeman has paid the tax ſeveral years, but now the ſaid William Logan, Eſq; claims the right of the ſaid tract of land. And whereas the owners of the aforeſaid tracts of land have neglected and refuſed to pay the Collector, the ſum of Five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Six-pence, which according to the ſaid valuation was aſſeſſed and laid upon ſaid lands, as the proportion thereof for one year for ſaid tax, by the ſaid act impoſed: We, the Commiſſioners, of the county of Northampton aforeſaid, in purſuance of the aforeſaid act, do hereby give notice, that on the 8th day of December next, at the houſe of Jacob Emrich, in Mount Bethel townſhip, the two tracts; and on the 9th day of December next, the tract in Lower Smithfield townſhip, at the houſe of Jacob Stroud, in the ſaid townſhip; and the tract in Penn townſhip, on the 10th day of December next, at the houſe of John Everitt, we will expoſe to ſale, by public vendue, the abovementioned tracts of located and unimproved lands, or ſuch part thereof as will be ſufficient to anſwer ſaid tax, and all charges accruing by reaſon of the non-payment or refuſal thereof, to the higheſt bidder. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands, at Eaſton, this 7th day of September, 1772. JACOB MORRY, SIMON DRIESBACH, HENRY BARNET. ¶3M.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man (being but 2 weeks in the country) named JOHN MORRISON, aged 22 or 23 years, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, of a dark complexion, when he laughs he ſhews the under part of his upper lip, has black curled hair, tied behind; had on and took with him, a blue coat and jacket, the coat being too ſhort in the waiſt, light coloured breeches, grey worſted ſtockings, old ſhoes, carved braſs buckles, one ſhirt fine, and one coarſe, a pair of trowſers, and an old ſmall wool hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN SHARP.

*** He came from Newry; all maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. *Sept.* 11, 1772. ¶

FOR SALE,

A LIVELY hearty NEGROE Wench, about 17 Years of Age. It not ſuiting the Family ſhe is in, to keep a breeding Negroe, is the only Cauſe of her being ſold. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

The AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, *held at* Philadelphia, *for promoting* Useful Knowledge, *have lately been favoured with the following* Communications *and* Presents.

1. AN Account of the Country of the Illinois, by Lieutenant THOMAS HUTCHINS, Engineer, and Member of this Society; communicated by the Rev. Mr. *Ewing*.

2. Observations on the *Maculæ*, or Spots on the Sun's Disk, for the Space of thirteen Months, viz. from November 15, 1770, to December 25, 1771; by Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL, of West-Bradford, Chester County, Member of this Society; communicated by Mr. *Isaac Bartram*.

3. Various astronomical Observations made in Canada, by Captain SAMUEL HOLLAND, Surveyor-General of the District of Quebec, Lieutenant HALDIMAND, and Ensign SPROWLE, from June, 1765, to May, 1770; communicated by Mr. *Rittenbouse*.

4. A Letter from the Reverend SAMUEL WILLIAMS, of Bradford, in the Massachusetts-Bay, containing---Accounts of the Transits of *Venus* and *Mercury*, a Solar Eclipse, and meteorological Observations, from January 1, to December 31, 1771.

5. A Letter from Dr. LORIMER, of Pensacola, Member of this Society, with Seeds and dried Flowers of the *Somo* or *Skimmi*, and some Branches of the *Emetic* Bear. Both these communicated by Dr. *Williamson*.

6. An Enquiry into the Methods of preventing the *Effects of Cold* on the Human Body; by BENJAMIN RUSH, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in the College of Philadelphia, and Member of this Society.

7. A Letter from TAYLOR WHITE, Esq; Treasurer of the Foundling-Hospital, London; with six Specimens of *Coloured Prints*, being the first yet finished of a *great Work*, in which he has been 50 Years engaged, and now to be soon published, intituled MUSÆUM BRITANNICUM. The Specimens he has sent are those of the *Female Cervelo Pardelis*, the *Rein-deer*, *Elk*, *Tarandus*, and the Male and Female of a Beast called by the East-Indians the *Cow-deer*. The above Letter and Specimens addressed to *Thomas Coombe*, Esq; as Treasurer of the Society, and communicated by him.

8. A Letter from the Rev. Mr. LUDLAM, with his astronomical Observations, made at Cambridge; his Essays on ultimate Ratio's, and the Power of the Wedge, and his Theory of Hadley's Quadrant, with Directions for its Use.

9. A Letter from Mr. JOHN REINHOLD FORSTER, of London; presenting to the Society his Translations of Professor *Kalm*'s Travels through North-America, *Bossu*'s Travels through Louisiana, a Catalogue of North-American Plants, another of North-American Animals, and a Centuria of new Insects, not described by Linnæus. Both the above communicated through the Hands of *Benjamin Franklin*, L. L. D. President of this Society.

10. A Letter from SAMUEL MOORE, Esq; Secretary to the Society instituted in London for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures and Commerce.

11. Mr. SMALL's circular Scheme for noting the Variations of the Barometer; communicated by Dr. *Franklin*.

12. The 59th and 60th Volumes of the Transactions of the *Royal Society of London*, presented by that learned Body to this Society.

13. A Latin Letter from Professor Bergius, of Stockholm, addressed as follows, viz.

"Illustrissimæ Societati Scientiarum, quæ Philadelphiæ floret "Americanæ;

S. pl. d.

"Petrus Jonas Bergius, M. D. Hist. Natur. & Pharmac. Prof. "Stockholm. Reg. Colleg. Med. Assessor; Societatum Scientiar. "Americanæ; Stockholm. Londin. Cæsar. Nat. Curios. Nidros. "Helvetiæ; Roterod. Vlissing, & Zellen; Membrum; & Mon"spel. Correspondens."

This Letter returns Thanks to the Society, in a very polite Manner, for having chosen him a Member, and is accompanied with another Letter in English, presenting his Description of the Plants at the Cape of Good-Hope, and communicating a Manuscript Essay, intituled, "Some Remarks on the IPECACUANHA ROOT."

14. A Letter from WILLIAM SANDIFORD, M. D. of Barbados, Member of this Society, with his Account of a late epidemical Distemper in that Island. Both the above communicated by Dr. *Thomas Bond*, one of the Vice-Presidents.

15. Dr. PRIESTLY's new Treatise on *Optics*, presented to the Society thro' the Hands of *Samuel Rhoads*, Esq; one of the Vice-Presidents.

16. A Letter from CHARLES MAGNUS WRANGEL, D. D. Member of this Society (now Almoner to the King of Sweden, President in Ordinary of the Royal Consistory, and Chaplain to all his Majesty's Orders) giving an Account of the Method of Bathing in Sweden.

17. A Letter from ANDREW OLIVER, junior, Esq; of Salem, in New-England, Member of this Society, with his Essay on Comets; and also some Manuscript Remarks of his own, relative to that Essay. The two last communicated by the Rev. Dr. *Smith*.

These are the chief Communications and Presents lately come to Hand, and it is hoped that the Notice of so many respectable Individuals, as well as learned Bodies, in different Parts of the World, will shew that this Society is growing in *Reputation*, and deserves the Encouragement of all who interest themselves in the Prosperity of *Arts* and useful Improvements in America. It is not out of any Vanity therefore, but to keep alive this Spirit of Improvement, that the Society have ordered the following Extracts from some of the above Letters to be published, in order to shew in what Esteem and Demand the Volume of Transactions they have already published is, among the *Literati* in Europe.

Dr. WRANGEL, in his Letter to Dr. *Smith*, dated at *Stockholm*, October 18, 1771, writes thus-----"I have been agreeably surprized to observe the rapid Progress of your AMERICAN SOCIETY; of which I esteem it a great Honour to be counted a Member, and shall not omit sending you whatever may fall in my Way here, worthy of your Notice. Your accurate Observations of the *Transit of Venus* have given infinite Satisfaction to our [Swedish] Astronomers, as will the rest of your Transactions to the Literary World, when they come to be further known. For this Purpose, I shall take Care that your useful Institution, which reflects so much Honour on your Country, be made known among us, by inserting an Account of its Rise and Progress in our Literary Gazette; for I am so much a Friend to America, that I have a Pleasure in every Thing I hear of, interesting and honourable to that Part of the World-----"

Dr. FRANKLIN, in his Letter to Dr. *Bond*, dated Feb. 5, 1772, writes thus; "I send you a Box from the Rev. Mr. LUDLAM, containing some Books, which he presents to the Society. Mr. Ludlam is a most learned Man, and ingenious Mechanic. I wish the Box, which I am promised, with Copies of your *Transactions* for the learned Societies abroad, were come to Hand---I am often asked by the Curious, how it happens that none are to be bought here. I hope soon to receive them, and have no Doubt but it will procure the Correspondence of those Societies."---

Mr. LUDLAM, in a Paper published in the Gentleman's Magazine, which he has signed with his own Hand, and sent to the Society, giving an Account of their *Transactions*, and particularly their Observations of the *Transit of Venus*, applauds both the *Provincial Assembly*, and Honourable *Proprietors*, for the Countenance and Assistance they gave to the making these Observations---"No "Astronomers, says he, could better deserve all possible Encou"ragement, whether we consider their Care and Diligence in mak"ing the Observations, their Fidelity in relating what was done, "or the Clearness and Accuracy of their Reasonings on this cu"rious and difficult Subject." He then mentions, with great Honour, the Papers of Mr. *Rittenbouse*, Mr. *Ewing*, Dr. *Smith*, and Mr. *Biddle*, who drew up the Accounts of the Observations at *Philadelphia*, at *Norriton*, at *Cape-Henlopen*; and adds, that "they "have very honestly given not only the Result of their Observa"tions, but the Materials also, that others may examine and judge "for themselves---an Example worthy of Imitation by those Eu"ropean Astronomers, who are so very shy of giving Particulars, "and vouch both for their Instruments and Observations in gene"ral Terms." Speaking of the other Part of the Society's Transactions, he says, "it would take too much Time to give even the "Title of the curious and valuable Papers it contains, which he "considers as no inconsiderable Earnest of the great Progress the "Sciences will one Day make in this NEW WORLD."

The same Gentleman, viz. Mr. LUDLAM, in a Letter, dated Leicester, January 25, 1772 (transmitted to the Society by Dr. FRANKLIN) writes thus----

"The more I read the Transactions of your *Society*, the more I "honour and esteem the Members of it. There is not another So"ciety in the World, that can boast of a Member such as Mr. "RITTENHOUSE; *Theorist* enough to encounter the Problem of "determining (from a few Observations) the ORBIT of a Co"MET; and also *Mechanic* enough to make, with his own "Hands, an *Equal-Altitude Instrument*, a *Transit-Telescope*, and a "*Time-Piece*. I wish I was near enough to see his *Mechanical Ap*"*paratus*. I find he is engaged in making a curious ORRERY---- "May I ask," &c. Mr. *Ludlam* then goes on to ask a Number of interesting Questions, relative to Mr. *Rittenbouse*'s Apparatus, and the Numbers made use of in the Construction of his *Orrery*; to which that Gentleman is appointed to give a full and respectable Answer.

By Order of the Society,
WILLIAM SMITH, R. STRETTELL JONES, *Secretaries.*
September 14, 1772.

NOBLE BEHAVIOUR of the Present EMPRESS of RUSSIA.

A *GENTLEMAN, named* Carlowinski, *on an Excursion to his Country Seat, which was but a few Miles from* Petersburgh, *accidentally saw a young Woman of about twenty, Daughter to one of his Vassals, with whose Person he was so much pleased, that he sent an Order to her Father, desiring that she might be brought to his House that Evening, very plainly declaring for what Purpose he made the Request.---The old Man, who was not utterly destitute of natural Honour, was greatly shocked at the Command, and took the Liberty of waiting on his Lord, at whose Feet he instantly fell, and implored, in the humblest Manner, that he would not insist upon the Violation of his Daughter. Instead of being moved with the Tears and Intreaties of his Vassal, M.* Carlowinski *was enraged to the last Degree to find the smallest Opposition to his Will, and immediately ordered his Servants to give him the Knout, a very severe Kind of Punishment, which is inflicted by tying the Offender down upon his Face, and beating him with Sticks, upon the naked Back, till he is rendered totally insensible through the Excess of Pain, and extreme Loss of Blood. The young Woman hearing by some Means of her Father's Treatment, and perhaps imagining she might be used with equal Severity, posted immediately off to* Petersburgh, *to wait for an Opportunity of throwing herself at the Feet, and begging the Protection of the Empress.---- Very fortunately, as she entered the City, she met her Imperial Majesty returning from Church, and followed the Royal Coach so closely to the Palace Gate, that she found it no Way difficult to execute her Purpose as the Empress stepped out, which she accordingly did, and with the greatest Success.---Her Majesty was observed to be greatly affected at the Recital of the poor Girl's melancholy Story, and ordered her to be properly taken Care of, till the Arrival of M.* Carlowinski, *for whom she immediately sent. The Moment he appeared her Majesty ordered the young Woman to be called in, and finding her Complaint in every Circumstance to be just, reprimanded him in the severest Terms, and ordered him instantly to make a proper Attonement for the scandalous Injustice and Inhumanity of his Conduct. M.* Carlowinski *endeavoured to excuse himself as well as he possibly could, and mentioned something of the customary Right which every Nobleman had to the Person and Property of his Vassals: To which her Majesty made this remarkable reply: "Right,* Carlowinski! *Nothing can be right which is repugnant to the Laws of Justice and Nature.---Would it not appear very extraordinary in me, if I was to seize upon your Property and Life, without having the smallest Reason for so great a Severity? And can you possibly have so great a Claim to any Thing belonging to your Vassal, or your Tenant, as I have, both as Mistress and Sovereign, to every Thing which is my Subject's? I am sorry to say,* Carlowinski, *you are a Fool as well as a Libertine; but know this from me, Sir, that your Vassals are my People; and be assured, that I shall soon take such Measures as shall make the greatest Man in my Dominions tremble, who thinks of exacting an Obedience to his Power from the unhappy Peasant, which is not due to his Virtues.---The poorest Wretch in my Empire, as a Man, is entitled to my warmest Protection, and shall always find a Refuge in me, as long as he continues by Honesty and Justice to deserve it.*

The Consequence of this Affair was, that the old Man and his Daughter were declared immediately free, and Carlowinski *obliged to settle a hundred Rubles a Year upon them for ever, to which her Majesty was pleased to order as much more to be added out of the Public Revenues; and though a few of the Nobility appeared dissatisfied at this Abridgement of their antient Power, yet the Empress had the Satisfaction of hearing her Behaviour loudly applauded by the general Voice of the Best and Wisest in the Kingdom."*

LONDON, June 9.

AT a meeting of the Officers, who served during the last war under Admiral Boscawen, held on the King's Birth-day, at Will's Coffee-house, Spring-gardens, above 20 Gentlemen were present, who served above 20 years in the Navy, and are now most nobly provided for on *Three Shillings* a day, which enables them to live almost as well as any Journeyman Shoemaker or Taylor within the bills of mortality.

We hear from Lisbon, that all the hopes entertained some time since of the re-establishment of the British trade on its former footing in Portugal are for the present entirely vanished. The French and Dutch are now the two most favoured nations in that country, though it is known that the former attempted to make it a province of Spain; and the latter laid the foundation of their present greatness, by dismembering it of its valuable possessions in the East-Indies. A striking instance of Portuguese faith, and Portuguese gratitude, in return for 30,000,000 of our treasury, and the blood of above 50,000 of our brave countrymen, spent in defending them against these very nations to whom they have given this unnatural preference.

On Monday last as one Back, a labouring man, was playing at skittles at a public-house, at Wandsworth, he was seized with a fit, and expired in a few minutes, to the great astonishment and terror of the spectators, who about a week before had heard him, with horrid imprecations, wish that he might be struck dead if ever he played at skittles again.

The fire in Castle-street, Oxford-road, is said to have been occasioned by a young man belonging to Mr. Hafter, who had been reading in bed, and fell asleep with the candle burning, by which indiscretion he was terribly scorched before he escaped, which he did with great difficulty. Two children are missing, who, it is feared, are destroyed by this calamitous circumstance.

Extract of a Letter from Brussels, June 2.

"*The distemper among the horned cattle having made its appearance in French Flanders, this government ordered a cordon to be formed in the neighbourhood of Bruges, to prevent all communication with the places infected. This order was so rigorously observed, that the country Farmers, who came to attend the Bruges market with corn, absented themselves for two market days, so that the inhabitants were a week without any corn to be bought, upon which they imagining the commanding officer to be the sole cause of this scarcity, went in a tumultuous manner to his quarters, demanding him to be delivered up to them, which being refused, they forced into the house, which they almost destroyed.---By this time the guard of soldiers came, who having cleared the house, dressed the officer in question in a soldier's uniform, and by that means saved him from the fury of the populace.*

"*Since the above affair, General Murray has marched to Bruges with two battalions, and six pieces of cannon; and we hear that every thing is quiet at present.*"

By the Master of a ship lately arrived from Oporto we learn, that four Spanish men of war were in the harbour, bound for the East-Indies.

We learn from Toulon, that several French vessels trading in the Mediterranean, have been taken by three Sallettine Rovers, and carried into Sallee.

June 30. On Friday morning came on before Dr. Bettesworth, in the Prerogative Court, Doctor's Commons, the final pleadings relative to the citation of Lady Warren against Sir George her husband, for cruelty, and thereby requiring a separate maintenance and separation, *a mensa et toro*.

The Council for the Defendant rested the cause in reply to the Plaintiff's Counsel, by going into the question at large, and examining, from the principles of christianity, the civil and canon laws, what causes should establish divorces. In respect to the first, they observed, that our Saviour had settled that matter in his reply to certain sects, when asked for what reasons a woman should be divorced from her husband, who answered, "except a woman commit Adultery, she shall not be put away;" and in respect to the latter, both the civil and canon laws said, that nothing but a series of cruelty, in which it could be fairly proved a woman run an evident risque of her life, could legally obtain a divorce. Now, said they, on the whole of this matter, nothing appears, on these principles, that can justify a separation. They likewise observed, that the present charge principally turned on two particular points; the one, an assault made by Sir George on his Lady, one morning, on the 11th of March, 1771, as a husband, and the other on the 8th of May following, and that in both these cases he was justified in so doing.

The pleadings being finished, Dr. Bettesworth gave sentence to the following purport: He observed, "That it always gave him great pain to interfere on deciding in the interests of two people, whose happiness and concerns should be so inseparably connected as man and wife, but that fitting in his then capacity, he was obliged to do it. Being therefore under this predicament, he said he could not consult his own particular feelings as a man, but give opinion according to the written laws as they prescribed. He then read a Latin quotation, the purport of which was, that nothing but Adultery, or a series of cruel treatment, whereby it could be fully proved a woman risqued her life in cohabiting with a man, could licence a divorce, *a Vinculo Matrimonii*, or a separation *Mensa et Toro*; that though there were some witnesses, on the part of the Plaintiff, who appeared, said they believed the latter, yet it evidently appearing to him, from their positive testimony, that no such danger was to be dreaded, he was therefore induced to dismiss the citation in favour of Sir George Warren, the Defendant.

The pleadings on this cause took up 11 hours, beginning at 9 o' clock in the morning, and ending at 8 at night.

After the decision, her Ladyship's Proctor stood up, and gave notice that he should appeal to the Court of Arches.

On Saturday last a country Gentleman came to town to assist his brother, a reputable Tradesman, near Rotherhithe, who had a draught of 800*l*. to pay, but in going to him he unluckily dropped a bank note of 500*l*. which a person who lodged in the Old Bailey picked up, and went immediately to the Bank and received the cash, and went off with the same. When the news was conveyed to the unfortunate Tradesman, he was so affected that he shot himself.

The person who found the Bank note of 500*l*. on Saturday afternoon on London Bridge, and received the money for it at the bank, sent a letter to his wife on Sunday with two guineas, informing her, that he will never more live in Prujean-square in the Old Bailey. It is said, that they have two children; and that he was cleared as an insolvent debtor on Tuesday last, at Guildhall.

It is reported at the west end of the town, that in some conferences which one of our Secretaries of State had lately with the Ministers of two Great Northern Powers, his Lordship having pressed closely for certain explanations, could obtain no satisfactory answer. And we are assured, by a respectable correspondent, that no intimations on our part, will have the least effect on that quarter. These powers having determined to persevere in such measures, as will be the means of establishing the peace of that part of Europe, on the most permanent and respectable footing---*as they are pleased to term it.*

Whatever may be asserted to the contrary, there are letters in town which say, that military and naval preparations in France are by no means suspended. At Brest in particular, there are at present 12 men of war of the line, several frigates and bomb vessels, most of which have undergone a thorough repair this spring and summer, and may be compleatly ready for actual service within a fortnight.

We are informed, that Lord Chatham's Advice to the Ministry, was to insist immediately upon the German Powers Avowal of their real Intentions with respect to Poland.

We can assure the Public, that, amidst the Dissipations and Extravagance of the present Age, the Heir and Hope of a present noble Family (Lord Hertford's) has adopted so contrary a System, that, ever since the Death of his Lady, he carries about him a List of the greatest Heiresses in this Kingdom, to prevent his being unprovided, at any Time, with a good Wife, and regularly marks them off as they are married, to save himself the unnecessary Trouble of Application.

It was yesterday confidently said, at the Smyrna, that a Treaty of a very extraordinary Nature is negotiating between the Courts of France, Portugal, Spain, and the Republic of Genoa; and that the King of Sardinia is apprehensive these Powers will join their Forces, and break in upon him, without a formal Declaration of War.

Various are the conjectures of different Persons about the Steps necessary to be taken to stop the Progress of Bankruptcy. A Report has prevailed, that, at the Instance of his Majesty, a Council is to be summoned, in order to consider of, and put in Execution, a Plan for the Support of public Credit. It is certain, says a Correspondent, that such a Measure would, at all Times, be salutary, but could, at no Time, be more necessary than the present. The Meeting of the principal Merchants at this critical Juncture, and the Resolutions they have entered into to indemnify the Bank for discounting, is judiciously calculated to heal the Wounds public Credit has received. But the Conduct of the Directors of the Bank, during the late Calamities, has been highly meritorious; and no Man, in his sober Senses, can blame them for refusing to discount any Bills, until they saw how Matters were likely to turn out. The Outcry made against the Directors, when they first gave public Notice that they would not discount, was fomented by those whose chief Dependence being upon Paper Credit, naturally induced them to complain of a Measure by which they were Sufferers. Yet this very Measure shewed the penetrating Sagacity of the Directors; they saw the Evil whilst yet in Embryo, and prudently therefore resolved, at all Events, to preserve the public Funds immaculate. In short, the Bank Directors have proved themselves Men every Way qualified to discharge the national Trust reposed in them, to the Advantage of the Public; and as their Assistance in the present Emergency has, in all Probability, been the Means of preventing a general Bankruptcy, so, had they assisted at first, or assisted afterwards, without Security, they would, in one Case, have betrayed an incautious Rashness, and in the other, a Species of Imprudence, to the last Degree dangerous, in Men who, from the Nature of their Office, may be considered as the Guardians of public Credit.

SALEM, September 1.

We hear that Captain Webber, who arrived at Marblehead last Friday, in Lat. 44 : 41, *about* 25 *Leagues to the Westward of the Grand Bank, came across a Raft Ship, which had foundered. She was commanded by Captain John Savage, and, it is said, had been out three Weeks from Philadelphia. The Captain and Crew quitted her, and were brought into Marblehead by Captain Webber.*

BOSTON, September 3.

We hear from Providence, Rhode-Island, that an Aquaduct is now compleated there, from Mr. Field's Fountain to that Part of the Town called the Point, which was carried by wooden Pipes through Hills and Valleys in a subterraneous Manner, the Distance of three Quarters of a Mile: The Water was conducted with such Rapidity as to deliver One Hundred Gallons in a Minute, thereby supplying the Inhabitants of the Point (who before were destitute) by small Conductors leading therefrom, with fresh Water in their Cellars, Kitchens, and Chambers, only by the Turn of a Brass Key. This Affair is the first of the Nature ever attempted and effected in English America. Captain Field generously granted the Inhabitants one Half of the said Fountain for the Term of 999 *Years: And the General Assembly have incorporated the Inhabitants into a Body Politic, by the Name of* FIELD's FOUNTAIN SOCIETY.

NEW-HAVEN, September 4.

Laſt Wedneſday, Moſes Paul was executed, agreeable to his Sentence, about a Mile from this Town. The Rev. Mr. Occum preached a Sermon, previous to the Execution, in the Brick Meeting Houſe (from Rom. vi. 23.) and attended the Criminal to the Place of Execution, where he made a ſhort, but well-adapted Prayer to the Occaſion. The Criminal behaved with Decency and Steadineſs, and appeared to be in the Exerciſe of fervent ſecret Prayer all the Way from the Goal to the Gallows. A little While before he was turned off, he took a moſt affectionate Leave of his Countrymen, the Indians (many of whom were preſent) and exhorted them to ſhun thoſe Vices, to which they are ſo much addicted, viz. Drunkenneſs, Revenge, &c. He acknowledged that he killed Mr. Cook, though not with a Flat-iron, as was ſuppoſed, but with a Club.

NEWPORT, September 7.

Laſt Tueſday arrived here the Brig Spywood, Captain William Rhodes, from Anguilla, who on the 24th ult. Lat. 31:17, Long. 69:33, ſpoke with two Ships and two Brigs, with Troops on board, from St. Auguſtine, bound to the Iſland of St. Vincent, to aſſiſt in ſubduing the Indians of ſaid Iſland.

An armed Schooner arrived here laſt Night, and we this moment hear that another is ordered from Boſton, to lie cloſe before the town of Providence.

NEW-YORK, September 14.

Captain Shourt, in 34 Days from Madeira, acquaints us, that Commodore Cook, in the Reſolution Frigate, in Company with the Adventure Store Ship, touched at that Iſland, and ſailed from thence, in order to make Diſcoveries in the South Seas, &c.

The Ship Buchanan, Captain Moodie; and a Snow from Virginia, belonging to Philadelphia, arrived at Madeira the Day Captain Shourt ſailed from thence.

Captain Miles, in a Brig belonging to Georgia, from Jamaica for this Port, was caſt away about 3 o' Clock in the Morning of the 2d Inſtant, at Barnagat, the Veſſel, in Ballaſt, is entirely loſt, but the Crew ſaved.

By Captain Brown, in 4 Weeks from Cape Nichola, we are told, that above 20 Sail of the Jamaica Fleet had put into that Place in Diſtreſs, having, on the Second of Auguſt, met with ſuch bad Weather, that the greateſt Number of them loſt ſome of their Maſts; among them were the Ship Milford, Captain Watſon; the Homecaſtle, Captain Mackintoſh; and the Keppie, Captain Curling.

The ſecond Inſt. Captain Brown ſpoke with Captain Aſh, in a Schooner from this Port for North-Carolina, who had been overſet in a Gale of Wind, and loſt his Mainmaſt.

Captain Guilford, in 28 Days from Green-Iſland, in Jamaica, the 20th of Auguſt, off Cape Anthony, ſpoke with a Brig from Jamaica for Norfolk, in Virginia.

The Raft Snow that ſailed from Rhode-Iſland for London, the 10th ult. commanded by Captain Smith, ſprung a Leak about a Week after ſhe got out, which increaſed ſo faſt, that the Captain and Crew were obliged to abandon her, having remained on board until the Sea was level with her Deck: They were luckily taken up by a Whaler, and brought into Newport laſt Wedneſday.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 16.

Captain Belford, from Jamaica, on the 26th of July, off the Little Commanders, ſaw 14 Ships, which he ſuppoſed to be a Spaniſh Fleet: On the 8th ult. off Cape Anthony, ſpoke the Ship Unanimous, from Kingſton for London: On the 30th, in Lat. 32:34, ſpoke the Brig Induſtry, Captain Gueſt, from Briſtol for Georgia, out 10 Weeks: On the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 36:39, ſpoke the Schooner Carolina Packet, Captain Aſh, from New-York for Carolina, who had carried away his Main-maſt, and was going back to New-York: On the 5th, in Lat. 37:17, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Panton, from Virginia for Barbados, out one Day; the ſame Day ſaw a Moſes Boat, Bottom upwards, with two Kegs of Bread, one Barrel, and an Oar, along-ſide: And on the 6th, in Lat. 37:24, he ſaw two Wrecks to the Southward, and bore down for them; one was a Veſſel, Bottom upwards, her Bottom payed with white Stuff, many of her Spars along-ſide, ſaw her Top-gallant and Royal Yards, but could not diſcover whether ſhe was a Brig or a Snow; the other proved to be the Brig Succeſs, Captain Gilpin, which was overſet, as mentioned in our laſt.

Captain Wilſon, from Hiſpaniola, acquaints us, that on the 4th of Auguſt, when he was lying at Aux-Coys, a violent Hurricane came on, which drove aſhore 25 Veſſels, 13 were French, 7 of whom were entirely loſt: Captain Wilſon was aſhore 4 Days, but luckily got off, without ſuſtaining any Damage; alſo, a Sloop from New-York, Captain Emery, and a Schooner from Rhode-Iſland, Captain Chace,----Captain Wilſon on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 25, Long. 72, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Moore, from Cape-Fear for Jamaica.

Captain Canby, from Jamaica, on the 27th of laſt Month, off Cape Florida, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Moore, from the Bay of Honduras for New-York, out 23 Days; alſo a Brig, Captain Kellin, from the Bay for London, out 22 Days, all well; and on the 8th Inſtant, off Chincoteague, he ſpoke a Sloop, from Ocracock for New-York, 6 Days out, the Maſter of which informed him, that ſeven Sail of Veſſels out of eight, were loſt in Beacon Iſland Road, on the Firſt Inſtant, but he could not learn further Particulars.

Captain Shewell, from Hiſpaniola, on the 22d ult. off Crooked Iſland, ſpoke the Schooner True Blue, Captain Packwood, from the Mole, for New-London, out 3 Days; and on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 37:5, Long. 73:9, ſpoke the Brig Chance, Captain Craig, from this Port for St. Euſtatia, out 2 Days; who ſaid, that on the Day preceding, he was cloſe upon Cape Henlopen, with the Wind at N. E. when it blew exceſſive hard, and with much Difficulty could clear himſelf; but Captain Shewell left him well, 65 Leagues from our Capes.

Captain Biddle, from Hiſpaniola, on the 20th ult. in Lat. 24, Long. 74, ſpoke the Ship Sunbury, Captain Bayne, from Port au Prince for this Port, who left that Place 6 Days before Captain Biddle; he was very leaky, and intended to put into Georgia; and on the 3d Inſtant, in Lat. 32:40, Long. 75, ſpoke the Brig Aurora, Captain Rowe, from Newfoundland, for Cape Fear, out 7 Weeks: The Captain and Crew were in great Diſtreſs for Want of Proviſions, had ſtove his Boats, and was in a perilous Situation.---Captain Biddle ſupplied them with Neceſſaries, and gave them all the Aſſiſtance in his Power.

The Sloop Adventure, Captain Powell, was to ſail in 8 Days after Captain Biddle for this Port.

Captain Branthwait, from Potowmack River, Maryland, bound for Glaſgow, on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 36:11, Long. 73:31, met with a heavy Gale of Wind, and was near foundering; ſhe loſt her Foretopſail, and Foreſail, cut away the Main-maſt, got the Ship to wear, and 4 Pumps to work; afterwards, ſhe ſhipped a heavy Sea on the Quarter, which carried away the Tryſail-boom and Gaff, and one Man from the Helm was waſhed overboard, but luckily got him in again; a ſhort Time after, ſhe ſhipped another Sea in the Waſte, which ſtove the Long-boat, carried away three Water-caſks, Maintopſail-yard, and all the Stock: The Day following, in Lat. 36:55, Long. 73:18, loſt all their Lumber, the Yawl, and ſeveral Bolts out of the Deck, likewiſe Compaſſes, Glaſſes, Cheſts, Candles, and moſt Part of the other Materials; and on the 5th, in Lat. 37:47, Long. 74:37, ſpoke the Schooner Pompey, Captain Leads, from New-London for Hiſpaniola, who met with the Hurricane in Lat. 28, and continued to Lat. 35; ſhe had carried all her upper Works away, and was on her Return for New-London.

Captain Scott, from Liſbon, informs, that on his Arrival at Caſh Cales on the 16th of July, he found lying there, 9 Ships of the Line, and three French Frigates; they ſailed in 5 Days thereafter, with an Engliſh Frigate in Company, but could not learn their Deſtination-----Captain Scott, on the 26th ult. in Lat. 30, Long. 52, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Allen, from Boſton for Dominica, out 20 Days: On the 28th, in Lat. 30:16, Long. 55, ſpoke the Schooner Return, Captain Jackſon, from Piſcataqua for Barbados, out 25 Days: On the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 32:55, Long. 67, ſpoke a Sloop from Virginia, out 9 Days: On the 3d, in Lat. 32:55, Long. 67, ſpoke the Brig Mary, Captain Leacraft, from this Port for Antigua, out 10 Days: On the 8th, 10 Leagues from our Capes, ſpoke a Sloop from Nantucket for North-Carolina, out 4 Days.

The Captains Cooke, Nuttle, Bell, Adams, and Cox, were expected to ſail for this Port, in a few Days after Captain Scott.

Captain Burrows, from Liſbon, on the 7th ult. in Lat. 30:24, Long. 22:29, ſpoke the Ship Priſcilla, Captain Jones, from Viona for this Port, out 10 Days.

John Matthews, one of the Sailors that belonged to the Raft Ship, Captain Savage, from this Port for London, writes a Gentleman here from Marblehead, that about 20 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Grand Bank, having 16 Feet Water in her Hold, they were taken on board by a Schooner, belonging to that Place, and carried in there.

From St. Chriſtophers we learn, that Admiral Parry arrived at Engliſh Harbour, in Antigua, on the 31ſt of July laſt, to relieve Admiral Man, on that Station; and that Admiral Man was to ſail for England on the Third of Auguſt.

The Ship Otter, Captain Caton, from this Port, is arrived at Cape Nichola Mole.

Captain Brown, arrived at New-York from Cape-Nichola, on the Third Inſtant, ſpoke a Ship, from Glaſgow for Virginia, out eight Weeks.

Within three Weeks paſt the Store of Meſſieurs Frieſe and Foulke, in Third-ſtreet, was twice broke open and robbed, which determined them to keep Watch; and on Monday Night, between 11 and 12 o' Clock, it was again broke open, when, with the Aſſiſtance of the Watchmen, &c. the Thief was ſecured in the Store, after he had put up a Quantity of Tea, and other Things, in order to carry off. He proved to be a Man, who was ſome Time ago Hoſtler at the Inn next the Store. And Yeſterday he was examined before THOMAS WILLING, Eſq; who committed him to Goal.

Laſt Wedneſday ended the Court of Quarter Seſſions for the County of Philadelphia, at which were convicted for Felony, The following Perſons, viz. *John Dennis, William Bowen, William Livingſton, Richard Bruckhouſe, Ann Johnſon,* and *Judith Connor,* who were all whipped on Saturday laſt, agreeable to their Sentence.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. 6d. Wheat 8s. Indian Corn 3s. 9d. Ship Bread 21s. Middling Ditto 30s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. 10s. Iriſh Beef 3l. 10s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 5l. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 4d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 50l. to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 50s. to 60s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 18s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 24s. Liſbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 6d. Cotton 14d. Bar-Iron 28l. Pig Ditto 8l. 10

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, and Sloop Sea-flower, M. Freeman, from Virginia. Schooner Pennſylvania Packet, J. Dougherty, and Sloop Betſy, A. Dawes, N. Carolina. Brig Paragon, J. Burrows, Liſbon. Ship Lark, C. Biddle, and Schooner Hebe, J. Wilſon, Hiſpaniola. Schooner Deborah, B. Canby, Jamaica.

Outwards. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, for New-York. Brig Dolphin, J. Ruſſel, and Schooner Mary, J. Perott, for Dominica.

Cleared. Brig Ann, J. Eve, to Jamaica. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Liſbon. Brig Harmony, J. Fairy, Gibraltar. Ship Hawke, R. Neil, S. Carolina. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, and Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Boſton. Sloop Rachel, R. Parker, and Schooner Nancy, D. Badger, Virginia. Brig Iſabella, J. Brown, St. Vincent. Sloop Charlotte, J. Cobourne, N. York. Sloop Potowmack, G. Rowe, to Maryland.

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by HALL and SELLERS,
The POCKET ALMANACK, for the YEAR 1773.

To the FREEMEN of the City of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM much obliged to you for the Mark of your Confidence, in chuſing me one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly laſt Year; my Acceptance of the Office, at that Time, was rather determined by my Reſpect to you, than my own Judgment; and as my Continuance in it will be not only againſt my Inclination, but extreamly inconvenient to me; I muſt deſire you will chuſe, at the enſuing Election, ſome Perſon to repreſent you, in Stead of, Your moſt reſpectful Friend,

SAMUEL SHOEMAKER.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE ever thought it my Duty to ſerve the Public to the beſt of my Knowledge and Judgment, when my private Affairs admitted of it; but as that is not the Caſe now, I muſt again earneſtly entreat you, at the next General Election, not to chooſe me for one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly. I am, with the higheſt Sentiments of Gratitude, for the Confidence already placed in me, the Public's ſincere Friend,

¶ ROWLAND EVANS.

To the FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of the County of BUCKS.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Confidence you have been pleaſed to repoſe in me, by chuſing me one of your Repreſentatives, for ſeveral Years paſt, deſerves my ſincere Acknowledgments; but as it will not ſuit me to attend any longer, I requeſt you to chuſe ſome other Perſon to repreſent you in my Stead, and you will thereby much oblige, Your Friend, JOSEPH WATSON. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the County of BUCKS.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for the Honour you have done me, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly, for ſeveral Years paſt; and now deſire you would, at the enſuing Election, chooſe ſome other Perſon to ſerve in my Room, by which you will much oblige your real Friend,

¶ BENJAMIN CHAPMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED (by the favourable Opinion you have heretofore had of me, by voting me into the ſeveral Offices of Warden, County Commiſſioner, and Manager of the Houſe of Employment) I at this Time humbly beg the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt for the Sheriff's Office, when Mr. Judah Foulke's Time, the preſent Officer, ſhall by Law expire; and your Favours therein, will very much oblige, GENTLEMEN,

Your Friend and Servant, ENOCH STORY.

SAMUEL SANSOM, junior,

HAS for SALE, at his Store, in Water-ſtreet, near the Old Ferry-houſe, A Parcel of 8-qr. 9-qr. and 10-qr. BLANKETS; a conſiderable Variety of other MERCHANDIZE; and expects an additional Supply, on the Arrival of the firſt Engliſh Veſſels. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 5th day of October next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 5, at the houſe of Matthias Lukens, at the Falls of Schuylkill, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and tract or piece of land, ſituate in Blockley townſhip, containing one acre three quarters and twenty perches, bounded by the river Schuylkill, and by lands late of Robert Roberts, Lawrence Garrett, and others; alſo a certain other tract, or piece of ground, ſituate in Blockley townſhip aforeſaid, containing by computation 15 acres and 154 perches, bounded by lands of Ann Garrett, John Garrett, Lawrence Garrett, and others; alſo the reſidue of a term of 99 years, of a certain other piece of land, ſituate in Blockley townſhip aforeſaid, adjacent to the firſt deſcribed tract, containing 28¼ acres, bounded by the river Schuylkill, and by the firſt above deſcribed tract (excepting 1 acre of the laſt mentioned piece, leaſed to Robert Roberts) late the eſtate of William Denny, Eſq; deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 6th of October next, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and lot of ground, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth 12½ feet, and in length or depth about 15 feet, bounded by Vernon-ſtreet, Shippen-ſtreet, and by ground of Zachariah Nieman, and others; alſo a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and two lots of ground, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark aforeſaid, one of them containing in breadth 15 feet, and in depth 15 feet, bounded by Vernon-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by ground of Robert Carr, William Dickinſon, and others; the other of them, containing in breadth 8 feet, and in depth 15 feet, bounded by Vernon-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by ground of Zachariah Nieman, William Dickinſon, and others; late the eſtate of John Dennis, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

IMPORTED in the laſt Veſſels from ENGLAND, and to be SOLD by

ALEXANDER BARTRAM,

Next Door to the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of enamelled and plain Queen's ware, enamelled blue and white, and white ſtone ware, delph bowls, of different ſizes, glaſs ware, of different ſorts, both Engliſh and country made; all of which he is determined to ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms; as the above goods are laid in with ready money, at the different manufactories in England, he has them much lower than they formerly came to this place. He has likewiſe a large aſſortment of potters ware, made at his pot-houſe, equal in quality, and as cheap as any made in this place. Orders ſent will be carefully forwarded, on the ſhorteſt notice. 6 W.

Philadelphia, September 14, 1772.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE ſubſcriber, having lately returned to this City from New-York, purpoſes to follow COOKING, in all its branches; as ſhe is well acquainted in this city, having for ſeveral years paſt been employed by ſome of the moſt noted Gentlemen and Ladies here, ſhe thinks it unneceſſary to ſay much by advertiſement; only, that any Gentleman or Lady that wants a Cook, for a day or more, at any time, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living about the middle of an alley, or ſtreet, called South-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, and Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets, may be ſupplied, by ELIZABETH BUSH. ¶

WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, near ALLEN-TOWN, EAST-JERSEY,

HAS to LETT, for a Term of Years, a TANYARD, in the Town of GLOUCESTER. Whoever wants to rent the ſame, may apply to ſaid *MONTGOMERY,* or Captain *ELLIS,* in the Town of Gloucester. ¶5W.

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from his ſpecial bail, a certain* WILLIAM HEADLESTONE, *an Iriſh man, about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 26 years of age, red faced, ſmall eyes, ſtrait yellow hair; had on, and took with him, a brown home made coat, lincey jacket, and leather breeches; a half riſle gun, flocked riſle faſhion. Strayed or ſtolen, on the night of the ſaid 28th of Auguſt, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by ſaid* Headleſtone, *a dark bay Mare, about 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock with the letters I. L. has a ſaddle mark, ſwitch tail, paces, trots, and hand-gallops, is newly ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid* Headleſtone, *and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his ſpecial bail may have notice thereof, or brings him to Cæcil county goal, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOHN ALEXANDER. ¶

N. B. Twenty Shillings for the mare only. All maſters of veſſels are forbid carrying him off. Auguſt 28, 1772.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, on the 15th day of October next, by the ſubſcriber,

A PLANTATION, lying near the ſign of the Boot, in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, containing 114 acres of good land, be the ſame more or leſs, with the uſual allowance for roads, about 80 acres thereof are cleared, and the woodland well timbered, about 20 acres of meadow made, ſome part of which is well watered, and water in every field, a good young bearing orchard, of about 150 trees, of good fruit; thereon is a good brick dwelling-houſe, 30 feet by 20, two ſtories high, and a cellar under the whole, with a good well of excellent water at the door, a good ſpring-houſe, barn, ſtables, ſheds, and other out-houſes. Likewiſe a lot of ground, adjoining the ſaid plantation, containing 50 acres of good land, about 12 acres thereof cleared, and the woodland well timbered, about 4 acres of extraordinary meadow made, a good young bearing orchard; thereon are two good log dwelling-houſes, with ſtone gable-ends, both cellared under, and a well of good water near each door, alſo a ſmith and wheelwright's ſhop; the great road leading from Lancaſter and the Iron-works to Cheſter, goes through it. The titles are indiſputable, and the terms of ſale will be made known, on the day aforeſaid, by AMOS DAVIS. §

N. B. The quitrent on all the aforeſaid land is but One Shilling ſterling per hundred. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the premiſes, may view the ſame before the day of ſale, and enter thereon the firſt of April next.

STOLEN or STRAYED away, on the 23d ult. from the ſubſcriber, living in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, a dark cheſtnut coloured HORSE, a natural trotter, 14 hands high, with a white face, and ſeveral white ſpots or ſaddle marks on his back, branded with a croſs on the near thigh, about 8 or 9 years old. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and ſecures the thief in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have *Three Pounds* reward, or for the horſe only *Thirty Shillings,* and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN LENOX, in Front-ſtreet, near Pool's Bridge, Philadelphia.

Some time ago was found, by one of ſaid *Lenox's* family, a Silk UMBRELLOE; whoever comes and proves their property, paying charges, may have it again. §.

TO BE SOLD,

A STAGE COACH, a moſt agreeable and delightful carriage, calculated for the buſineſs of a STAGE, with harneſs for ſix horſes, late the property of Joſeph Hart, deceaſed. Said coach has been employed in running from hence to New-York, accommodating eight perſons with the greateſt eaſe, and may be ſeen at Capt. John Litle's, in Fourth-ſtreet. The purchaſer may have ſix months credit, if required, on the uſual conditions of intereſt, &c.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of ſaid Hart, are deſired to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have any demands, to bring in their accounts properly adjuſted for ſettlement, by ABRAHAM KINTZING, and WILLIAM KENLY, Adminiſtrators. §

Philadelphia, Auguſt 24, 1772.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of *the Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America,* is to be held at Philadelphia, agreeable to Charter, on the 6th Day of October next, being the firſt Tueſday after the Feaſt of St. *Michael,* of which all the Members are requeſted to take Notice, and to give their Attendance accordingly. JONATHAN ODELL, Secretary.

To be RENTED or LEASED, for a term of years,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, on which is a new merchant-mill, lately erected, upon a fine ſtream of water, and in a plentiful wheat country; alſo other convenient buildings, and a young thriving orchard: The ſoil is of the beſt kind, either for planting or farming, and upwards of 100 acres of watered meadow may eaſily be made thereon: There are about 60 or 70 acres of wheat now in the ground, which the tenant may have the benefit of; likewiſe a number of Negroes, and ſome ſtock. For further particulars, apply to THOMAS DORSET, Eſq; on Elk-Ridge; or the ſubſcriber, in Annapolis.

Sept. 1, 1772. RICHARD SPRIGG.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for your Favours, ſhewn me the two laſt Elections, in chuſing me Sheriff for the City and County aforeſaid. A further Continuance of your Favours, at the enſuing Election, in chuſing me again to that Office, ſhall always be gratefully acknowledged by, Gentlemen,

Your Friend and humble Servant,

Auguſt 24, 1772. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for the Honour you did me the laſt Year, in voting me on the Return for Coroners, and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the ſaid Office, at the enſuing Election, I beg the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN,

Your obliged Friend, and humble Servant,

CALEB CASH, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Acknowledgments for the Honour done me, in chooſing me one of your Aſſeſſors for ſeveral Years paſt; but as a longer Continuance in that Station would be inconvenient to me, I requeſt the Favour of you to chooſe ſome other Perſon, at the enſuing Election, to ſerve you in Stead of, *Your ſincere Friend,* ABRAHAM LUKENS. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my moſt ſincere Thanks for your paſt Favours, and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, when the preſent Sheriff's Time ſhall by Law expire, I do now requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, which will much oblige your Friend, and humble Servant,

JOSEPH REDMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE formerly ſolicited your Votes and Intereſt for the Sheriff's Office, in the City and County of Philadelphia; for the Favours I then received, I return my ſincere Thanks.---I now ſet myſelf up as a Candidate for that Office, and humbly ſolicit, that, at the enſuing Election, you will vote for me with Mr. Judah Foulke, now Sheriff, that after the next Year of his Sheriffalty, I may have your Intereſt to ſucceed him in ſaid Office, which Favours will be gratefully acknowledged, by

Your ſincere Friend, and humble Servant,

Philadelphia, Sept. 2, 1772. WILLIAM DEWEES.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the County and Borough of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I STAND a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, for which Purpoſe, I humbly requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election; which Favour ſhall be gratefully accepted, and thankfully remembered, by *Your ſincere Friend,*

JOSEPH GIBBONS, junior.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS in and for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the Succeſs I have met with, in being voted on the Return for Sheriffs theſe three Years paſt, I once more offer myſelf a Candidate for that Office, with Deſires and Expectations of your friendly and ready Aſſiſtance at the enſuing Election, which Favour, as well as thoſe paſt, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged and remembered by

The Public's ſincere Friend, HENRY HAYES. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS in and for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

AS I purpoſe to offer myſelf a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the enſuing General Election, I humbly requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt for ſaid Office, which Favour ſhall be had in Memory, and gratefully acknowledged, by

Your aſſured Friend,

Auguſt 19, 1772. ELISHA JONES. ‖ 6 w.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE ventured to enter the Liſt with the other Candidates for the Sheriff's Office; I now publicly requeſt your favourable Acceptation of my Propoſal, and that you would be pleaſed to give me your Votes and Intereſt at the enſuing Election, which, whether I ſucceed or not, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by

Weſt-Nantmill, Your aſſured Friend,

Auguſt 28, 1772. ¶ WILLIAM GIBBONS.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS in and for the County and Borough of CHESTER.

ESTEEMED FRIENDS,

I STAND a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, and requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, for the ſame; which Favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, and kept in remembrance, by *Your ſincere Friend,*

Auguſt 31, 1772. NATHANIEL VERNON. ‖

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I THANK you for your Favours paſt, and ſhall be further obliged to you for the Continuance of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, for the Coroner's Office; which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, by Your humble Servant,

JOHN CROSBY, junior, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of the Borough and County of LANCASTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I BEG Leave to remind you of my Requeſt on the Occaſion laſt Year, to be excuſed from ſerving in the Aſſembly any longer; I now expect, and again requeſt, you will grant me the Favour, by chooſing ſome other Perſon in my Room at next Election. I am, with due Regard, *Your reſpectful Friend,*

EMANUEL CARPENTER.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for your favourable Opinion, in thinking me worthy of a Seat in your Houſe of Aſſembly, for theſe ſeveral Years paſt. Laſt Year I deſired you to excuſe me from ſerving you in that Office; and, as I find myſelf in a declining State of Health, cannot think of ſerving longer in Aſſembly; I beg you will be ſo kind as to chuſe, at the enſuing Election, ſome Perſon, to repreſent you, in Stead of

Your obliged Friend, JOHN CROSBY. §

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Acknowledgments for the Honour done me, in chooſing me one of your Aſſeſſors theſe three Years paſt; but, as a longer Continuance in that Station would be very inconvenient to me, I requeſt the Favour of you to chooſe ſome other Perſon, at the enſuing Election, to ſerve in ſtead of,

Your ſincere Friend,

Newgarden, Aug. 31, 1772. ‖ SAMUEL MILLER.

College of Philadelphia, Auguſt 24.

THE LECTURES, upon the DIFFERENT BRANCHES of MEDICINE, will begin on Monday, the ſecond Day of November next.

ALL thoſe who are indebted to the eſtate of THOMAS COATES, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe having any demands, are deſired to bring them in, in order for ſettlement, by ANN COATES, Executrix, and SEYMOUR HART, Executor.

Agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of the ſaid deceaſed, on the 16th day of September, at four o' clock in the afternoon, will be ſold by public vendue, on the premiſes, a lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, 16 feet 6 inches front, on Fourth-ſtreet, and continuing that width, the diſtance of about 198 feet back to Crown-ſtreet, bounded north and ſouth by houſes of William Robinſon and Hudſon Burr, which muſt render it very commodious and eaſy to the purchaſer, when inclined to build. An indiſputable title will be made, clear of groundrent.

Alſo to be lett, on groundrent for ever, or for a term of years, the back part of the lot of ground, on which the aforeſaid Executrix now lives, 15 feet front, on Crown-ſtreet aforementioned, and 75 feet deep. Any perſon inclining to view the ſame, may apply to the ſaid Executrix, in Fourth-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets. ¶

WHEREAS a certain HECTOR M'CLAIN has left ſundry articles in poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, as a ſecurity for a debt, due by ſaid M'Clain to me; this is to inform him, that unleſs he diſcharges the ſaid debt, in three weeks from the date hereof, they will be expoſed to public ſale, by

Philad. Sept. 7, 1772. BERNARD LAWERSWYLER. ‖

THE CREDITORS of ISAAC DELYON, late of this city, Merchant, are deſired to bring in their accounts, duly atteſted, before the 21ſt of this inſtant September, when a dividend is propoſed to be made by the aſſignees.

PHILIP FRANCIS,
HENRY KEPPELE, JUNIOR,
JOSEPH DEAN,
THOMAS ASHETON,
EDWARD BATCHELOR.

THE CREDITORS of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of this city, Merchant, are deſired to bring in their accounts, duly atteſted, before the 22d of this inſtant September, when a dividend is propoſed to be made by the aſſignees.

PHILIP FRANCIS,
DANIEL WILLIAMS,
JOSEPH DEAN,
THOMAS ASHETON,
BENJAMIN GIBBS.

Cheſter, Auguſt 31, 1772.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 21ſt Day of September next, at 1 o' Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, A certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land, ſituate in Fallowfield Townſhip, containing 129¾ Acres of Land, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of Samuel Bailey, Andrew Scott, Andrew Olifant, and Robert M'Min; late the Eſtate of Robert Waſon; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 22d Day of September next, at 10 o' Clock in the Forenoon, will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, A certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Sadſbury Townſhip, Cheſter County, containing 177 Acres, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of Samuel Miller, David Moore, and William Puſey; late the Eſtate of John Cooper; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 22d Day of September next, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the Premiſes, at 2 o' Clock in the afternoon, A certain Meſſuage, Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate, lying and being in Sadſbury Townſhip, Cheſter County, containing 275 Acres, and the Allowance for Roads, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of William Ferguſon, Robert Patton, Joſeph Walker, William Dickey, and Doe-run. The Dwelling-houſe is Part built with Stone, and Part with ſquared Logs, with a large Cellar under it, and is a licenſed Tavern, with a Barn, Stables and Sheds, a good Spring, with a Stone-houſe over it, a Tan-yard, with a Tan-houſe, Bark-houſe, &c. erected thereon, a large Meadow, two bearing Orchards, &c. Late the Eſtate of Alexander Sumrall; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 23d Day of September next, at 1 o' Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Eaſt-Caln Townſhip, containing 84 Acres of Land, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of Thomas Green, James Eldridge, and John Culbertſon, jun. late the Eſtate of John Culbertſon, Eſq; deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 24th Day of September, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Eaſt-Nantmill Townſhip, containing 274 Acres, be the ſame more or leſs; the above Plantation is capable of great Improvement; late the Eſtate of John Starrett, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 25th Day of September, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Radnor Townſhip, containing 174 Acres, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by Lands of Jaſhur Roberts, John Lewis, and others; late the Eſtate of Eliſha Thomas; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 26th Day of September, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, a certain Brick Meſſuage or Tenement, and Kitchen, with a Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter, alias Marcus-Hook, containing 40 Feet in Front, and 200 Feet in Depth, bounded by the River Delaware, Diſcord Lane, and Lands of Mary and Thomas Clayton; late the Eſtate of Robert Mouider; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, in Orange county, Virginia,

A TRACT, containing 840 acres, of well wooded and watered LAND, ſuitable for tobacco, or any kind of grain, ſituated on the branches of Swift Run, and very near the great road that leads from Auguſta Court-houſe, to the towns of Frederickſburg and Falmouth, at the Falls of Rappahannock river, and where a ready market ever may be found for all kinds of country produce; the ſaid land is diſtant from theſe towns only 60 miles, and both it and the neighbourhood of it, affords a range for every ſort of ſtock, hardly to be exhauſted, as the cattle that uſe thereon are well known to be as good for beef, or butter, as any in the colony. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid land, may apply to Captain WILLIAM BELL, who lives adjoining, and with whom they may contract for the ſum of £ 165, ready money; or, the ſum of £ 173: 5: 0, on 12 months credit. The purchaſer may have immediate poſſeſſion, and an indiſputable title, conveyed by JOHN ROWZEE, and ROBERT BROOKE, Executors of William Brooke. 4w.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premiſes, the Fifth of October next, at One o' Clock in the Afternoon,

THAT valuable FARM, whereon Thomas Barnſley, Eſq; deceaſed, did live (ſold purſuant to the directions of his laſt will and teſtament) ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, and county of Bucks, at the head of the tide water, on Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, and about ¼ of a mile from Rodman's landing, on ſaid creek, where flour, wood, &c. are tranſported to Philadelphia, containing about 560 acres of excellent land, about one half cleared, and in good fence, near 60 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, lately drained, and more may be made; the other half is fine timbered land; there is erected on ſaid farm, a new genteel houſe, of brick and ſtone, 56½ feet by 44, with a 13 feet entry through the whole, a black walnut ſtair-caſe, 4 rooms on the lower floor, 6 rooms on the ſecond floor, and 3 garrets, all well finiſhed off, and painted laſt ſummer, extraordinary cellars under the houſe, alſo two large kitchens, and ſtore-houſe, with a cellar under the ſtore-houſe, piazzas in the front of ſaid kitchens, chambers over the ſame for ſervants, and a well of good water at the kitchen door, a carpenter's ſhop, a brick ſmoke-houſe, 16½ feet ſquare, ſpring-houſe, with a flax and wool-houſe over it, two barns, one 66 feet by 33, a threſhing floor in the middle, and bays on each ſide, and good floors in them, and a granary over the threſhing floor; the other a ſmall barn, a threſhing floor and cow-houſes on each ſide, good ſtables ſufficient to hold 30 horſes, and lofts over them for hay, well floored, a commodious ſhed, coach-houſe and poultry-houſe, 4 compleat barracks, ſtanding on ſills, with cedar tops, made laſt ſummer, two orchards, one an old one of natural fruit, the other a young one, of 300 bearing trees, of the beſt grafted fruit; alſo is erected in one corner of the farm, a good ſquare log-houſe, ſuitable for a tradeſman. Attendance will be given by WILLIAM RODMAN, and GILBERT HICKS, Executors.

Kent County, Maryland, July 8, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 20th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, an indented ſervant man, named WILLIAM VICKERS, born in Talbot county, Maryland, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, thin viſage, has loſt one of his eyes; he is very apt to get drunk, whenever he can get ſtrong liquor; he has been ſome years a Soldier, in the Royal Americans: Had on, when he went away, a coarſe brown jacket, with ſleeves, oznenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, a felt hat, about half worn, but as he had ſome money with him, it is thought he has changed his clothes, and his name. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC PERKINS. §6 W.

Talbot County, Maryland, Auguſt 1, 1772.

TWELVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on Monday night laſt, a likely BAY HORSE, about 14 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, and a little white on one or both his hind feet, a ſwitch tail, a buſhy mane and foretop, they having been lately ſcraped, has been uſed in a carriage, paces a good travel under the ſaddle, and from that will go into a gallop, and trots out of hand, he is thin on the withers, and remarkably ſharp backed, though in good order. Whoever ſecures the horſe, ſo that I get him again, ſhall be paid, if taken in this county, Fifteen Shillings; Thirty Shillings, if in the neighbouring counties; and Three Pounds, if out of the province; and Nine Pounds for apprehending the thief, to be paid on his being convicted of this offence. JAMES LLOYD CHAMBERLAINE. ‖7/6.

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of JARVIS JAMES, deceaſed, will be ſold, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 31ſt day of October enſuing, on the premiſes, a large two ſtory frame DWELLING-HOUSE, with a LOT thereunto belonging, together with every neceſſary convenience, ſituate in Cheſter-town, Maryland; it is a remarkable fine ſituation for the proſecution of any public buſineſs, being on the main ſtreet leading to the river, and a little above the market place in ſaid town. At the ſame time will be ſold, a very fine GRASS LOT, adjoining the ſaid town. Twelve months credit will be given, with intereſt, on giving bond and ſecurity, if required; an indiſputable title will be given the purchaſer, by SARAH JAMES, Executrix. ‖14s.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, in Leeſburg, on the 4th Monday in November next, being Loudoun county Court day,

THE LOT and HOUSE wherein I now live, ſituate in the moſt public part of the ſaid town, of Leeſburg, a corner lot, and the public roads from Frederick county to Alexandria, and from Pennſylvania to Carolina leading thereby; it is conveniently improved, with a brick houſe two ſtories high, and all other houſes and cellars, ſuitable for keeping a good tavern, as fine a well of water, with a good pump, as any on the continent; alſo eight acres of extraordinary good meadow, adjoining the ſaid town, with the conveniency of being well watered by a very conſtant ſtream running through it. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaſer, on giving bond, and approved ſecurity, to

Auguſt 8, 1772. CRAVEN PEYTON. ‖7/6.

PATAPSCO FURNACE, *near* ELK-RIDGE LANDING, *in* ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the ſecond Day of November next, containing about Four Thouſand Four Hundred ACRES of LAND, in ſeveral TRACTS, *viz.*

ONE of 1700 acres, one of 1500, and another on the river ſide, with a valuable fiſhery for a ſeine, containing 466 acres, beſides ſeveral ſmall tracts, all on or near the river Patapſco. The three large tracts mentioned are ſituated only about ſix or eight miles from Baltimore-town, where is a ready-money market, twice a week, for all ſorts of proviſion.

There are on the premiſes one large PLANTATION, containing about 500 acres, another of 200, with convenient houſes, and cleared ground ſufficient to make a third Plantation of 400 acres, ſome grubbing and fencing only wanted; a large quantity of meadow-land; a Furnace built about the year 1760, with a ſtone and brick bridge, and caſting-houſe; a new griſt mill, fit for country work, ſtanding on a fine ſtream of water, and alſo a mill ſeat or ſituation on navigable water, where has been a mill formerly; its ſituation is perhaps as pleaſant and advantageous, for erecting a large merchant mill on, as any in the province, and lies convenient to all the back country of Elk-ridge, and Frederick county, for the purchaſe of wheat, the water carriage to Baltimore-town being not more than 10 or 12 miles.

There will likewiſe be expoſed to ſale, provided the Lands and Plantations are diſpoſed of, a number of valuable Servants and Negroes, ſeveral of which laſt have been employed in a Furnace, *viz.* one young fellow, a good workman as keeper, others as fillers and aſſiſtants to the founder and keeper below, and ſome uſed to raiſing ore, and cutting wood. As alſo horſes, cattle, ſheep, hogs, *&c.* with plantation utenſils of all kinds, as well as a crop of corn and wheat on the ground.

The whole will be ſold together or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Conditions of the purchaſe to be agreed on the day of ſale. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, at Baltimore-town, or of JAMES WALKER, near Elk-ridge Landing, who will ſhew the lands and improvements, to any deſirous of ſeeing them. HARRISON, and COMPANY.

N. B. There is in the neighbourhood, adjacent to the land, a very fine and valuable range for ſtock. ‖9 *W.*

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